Excavator safety near underground natural gas pipelines

Use this poster for employee training.





Smell Gas. Act Fast.

In a gas emergency, call 911 and National Grid 24 hours a day, 7 days a week at 1-800-233-5325.



Always call 911 if you suspect a gas leak!

For excavator safety tips, tools and videos, visit **ngridsafety.com**.





Before you notify Dig Safe, pre-mark your proposed dig area with white paint, flags and/or stakes.

Help protect natural gas pipelines.

- National Grid pipelines deliver natural gas safely and reliably to homes and businesses across New York and Massachusetts. We regularly inspect these pipelines for corrosion and defects, monitor for leaks and conduct routine maintenance.
- Hitting a natural gas pipeline has serious consequences. Even a tiny gouge, scrape, dent or crease to a gas pipe or its coating may cause a leak that could lead to a catastrophic fire or explosion.
- The greatest risk to gas pipelines is accidental damage during excavation. We need your help to prevent pipeline damage and reduce the risk of dangerous natural gas leaks.

Notify 811, and dig with care.

- State law requires you to call Dig Safe® or make an online request at least 72 hours before any excavation starts, excluding weekends and legal holidays.
- This FREE service will arrange for marking of buried natural gas lines and other utilities so that you can work a safe distance away from them.
- Call 811 or 1-888-DIG-SAFE (344-7233) | digsafe.com.
- Wait the required time for utilities to locate and mark their lines before vou dia.
- Physically locate marked natural gas pipelines by hand digging. If you cannot locate marked pipelines, **STOP** digging and contact National Grid immediately.
- Do not use mechanical excavation equipment within the "tolerance zone," which spans the width of a marked utility plus 18 inches from each indicated outside edge. Use **ONLY** hand tools or vacuum technology within this safety zone.
- If your excavation will cross a cast iron gas main or run parallel nearby, notify the 811 service and National Grid well in advance. Cast iron gas mains in our Northeast communities may be damaged when the earth near them is moved in any way.



Always contact your state 811 center before digging and for the most current requirements.



A gas leak may have a distinctive, sulfur-like odor (but not always).* So be alert for other warning signs as well:

- a hissing, whistling or roaring sound
- dirt blowing into the air from a
- hole in the ground continuous bubbling in water
- dead or dving vegetation (in an otherwise moist area) over or near a pipeline
- an exposed pipeline after a fire, flood or other disaster
- a damaged connection to a gas appliance

*The odor of natural gas comes from a chemical additive called mercaptan. Be aware that some natural gas is not odorized, so some leaks may not be detectable by smell alone. Additionally, chemical or physical processes may strip the odorant from natural gas so that the gas no longer smells. This is known as "odor fade.





Leaking natural gas may throw dirt up into the air, kill grass or plants, or make bubbles in water Gas pipelines exposed by fires or floods may be a source of leaks.

If you contact a natural gas pipeline and/or suspect a gas leak:

- Do NOT turn off engines or generators, as a spark from the ignition could ignite leaking gas. Warn others and leave the area quickly.
- Do NOT use matches, lighters, cigarettes (including e-cigarettes or vape pens), light switches or anything electrical – not even a phone or garage door opener.
 - Do NOT crimp or tape a broken pipe, or otherwise Leave the excavation open.
- Do NOT operate underground pipeline valves.
- From a safe location, call 911 and National Grid immediately. Call even if there is no visible damage to the pipeline. (Excavators are required by law to call 911 if gas is escaping.)
- Report the incident to your supervisor.
- Stay away from the area until National Grid personnel say it is safe to return.





Tear along perforated line.

Watch out around pipeline markers.

- High-visibility yellow markers with National Grid's 24-hour emergency phone number indicate the general location of our highpressure natural gas pipelines.
- If you notice any type of suspicious activity or excavation occurring near a pipeline marker or you see a damaged marker, call the National Grid emergency number immediately.
- For security purposes, these markers do not show the exact location, path, depth or number of gas pipelines in the area. In addition, pipelines may not follow a straight course between markers.
- You can also find the general location of high-pressure natural gas transmission pipelines near **you** through the National Pipeline Mapping System (NPMS) at https://www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov.
- Never use pipeline markers or maps as a substitute for contacting 811. Always notify the 811 service before digging to have all utility lines in your dig area located and marked. If you will be digging within **15 feet** of a high-pressure natural gas transmission pipeline, National Grid MUST be on-site during the excavation.

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Respond safely to natural gas emergencies.

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vehicle visor or glove box.

Keep this card handy in your

or roaring sound; dirt blowing into the air from a hole in the ground; continuous bubbling in water; dead or dying vegetation (in an otherwise moist area) over or near a pipeline; an exposed pipeline after a fire, flood or other disaster; or a damaged connection to a gas appliance.

- e-cigarettes or vape pens), light switches or anything **electrical** – not even a phone or garage door opener.
- 3. Do not operate underground pipeline valves or stop the flow of gas. Leave the excavation open.
- 4. From a safe location, call 911 and National Grid **immediately.** Excavators are required by law to call 911 if gas is escaping.
- 5. Report the incident to your supervisor.
- 6. Stay away from the area until National Grid personnel say it is safe to return.

Call 911 and National Grid if you suspect a gas leak or if you make ANY contact with a natural gas line, even if you just nick the pipeline or damage its coating.

In a gas emergency, call 911 and National Grid

Gas leak signs: A gas leak may have a distinctive, sulfur-like odor (but not always). Other signs may include a hissing, whistling 1. Leave equipment; do NOT turn off engines or

generators. Warn others and leave the area quickly. 2. Do NOT use matches, lighters, cigarettes (including

Employee training materials on natural gas

ipeline safety enclosed

excavator

Safety

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Visit **ngridsafety.com** and connect with us on **\{ \sqrt{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{3} \sqrt{**

on natural gas pipeline safety enclosed. Employee training materials

Know what's **below. 811** before you dig.

104 Bridge Road Salisbury, MA 01952

birglanoitan

Dear Excavator:

Excavator pre-digging requirements by Massachusetts law (Chapter 82, Section 40) require excavators to contact Dig Safe®, the association of registered public utilities, at least 72 hours (excluding weekends and legal holidays) before commencing excavating activity. National Grid, as a member of Dig Safe, will be notified of your intent to excavate when you contact Dig Safe at either of the following toll-free numbers or website:

Mark Huch Sincerely,

Mark Huck Damage Pre

nage Prevention

NewEnglandDamagePrevention@nationalgrid.com

excavation safety training tips, tools and videos, visit ngridsafety.com. additional



When It Comes to 811, There's No Kidding Around

When Hand Digging Comes in Handy

choosing the Select Language

safety information and National tips. Translations of important for more natural gas satety Please visit nationalgridus.com

Grid services are available by

feature at nationalgridus.com.

ĐÂY LÀ MỘT BẢN THÔNG CÁO QUAN TRONG XIN VUI LÒNG CHO DỊCH LẠI THÔNG CÁO ÂY Questa é un' informazione importante, si prega di tradurla Este es un aviso importante. Sírvase mandarlo traducir Este é um aviso importante. Queira mandá-lo traduzir. Please have it translated. This is an important notice

Пожалуйста, попросите, чтобы Это очень важное сообщение.

Voir le lien « sélectionner la langue » sur nationalgridus.com

Vea el enlace «seleccionar idioma» en nationalgridus.com

See "select language" link at nationalgridus.com

См. ссылку "Выбрать язык" на сайте nationalgridus.com Ver a ligação "selecionar língua" em nationalgridus.com Vedere il collegamento "seleziona lingua" su nationalgridus.com Thank you.

damage prevention process, safe work practices and an overview of the Dig Safe law. Excavator information sessions and safety presentations Visit digsafe.com and click the "Education" button to schedule digsafe.com and click the "Education" button to schedule on-site training on the

excavation to avoid damage to cast Iron mains.

work with National Grid to plan your when the earth near them is them. They can be damaged supported by the soil around moved in any way. When possible

protect cast iron Plan ahead to

gas mains

Excavation procedures once gas utilities are marked
After such markings are provided, excavating personnel must determine the exact location of all underground facilities using safe and acceptable means. The law prevents powered or mechanized excavation within 18 inches on either side of the indicated outside edge of underground facilities. Any excavation required in this zone should be performed

such markings are provided, excavating personnel must determine the exact location

pipeline facilities.

very carefully with hand tools only and without damage to the facility. Damage includes but is not limited to nicks, dents, cuts, scrapes or gouges to the marker balls,

carefully with hand tools only and without damage to the facility. Damage

pipeline failure. Excavators must also exercise reasonable care to support gas pipelines during excavation and backfill activities to avoid pipes being damaged by their own weight tracer wire, pipe surface or coating; seemingly insignificant damage can lead to a future

xcavation compaction. Excavators should notify National Grid whenever cast iron gas

is exposed or falls within an excavation trench's angle of repose.

area, the company will mark the location within the required safety zone with yellow paint, flags or other physical means. For larger projects, a National Grid employee or representative may contact you to coordinate scheduling of work as required by state law. Facility depth information cannot be provided because of grade changes that may have occurred after the gas facilities were installed. Facility location marks will not reflect

protrusions, appurtenances, fittings or valves that are inherent to underground

National Grid protocol when pipelines are identified within excavation areas If National Grid gas pipeline facilities are within the described or pre-marked excavation

Use only clean backfill

Remove rocks more than 3 inches in diameter from the padding sand level to grade.

materials – no paving materials, cinders, ash or flowable fill.

or 1-888-DIG-SAFE (344-7233) | digsafe.com

Compact soil in 12-inch lifts up to 6 inches above the pipe to a density comparable to the surrounding soil.

near a plastic copper wire that

Backfill for pipeline safety Remove sharp objects, trash, debris, wire and rocks from the trench.

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Hand tamp around fittings where mechanical compaction cannot be used.

Backfill a 6-inch radius of

Do not damage the

padding sand around natural gas pipelines.

Have you notified 811 yet?

Call 811 or make an online request before you start digging.

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Five steps for safe excavation

It's the law!

- 1. Plan your job and pre-mark your dig area with white paint,
- flags and/or stakes. 2. Call 811 or make an online dig ticket request before any excavation starts: 811 or 1-888-DIG-SAFE (344-7233) digsafe.com.
- **3. Wait the required time** for utilities to locate and mark their lines:
- At least 72 hours excluding weekends and legal holidays. **4. Respect the marks** and maintain them while digging.
- **5. Dig with care** and follow hand-excavating rules.

Always contact your state 811 center before digging and for the most current requirements.



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American Public Works Association color code for locator marks



Electric power lines

Temporary survey markings Proposed excavation

Gas, oil or steam Potable water Sewers and drain lines

Communications lines, cables or conduit Reclaimed water, irrigation and slurry lines

Know what's **below.** 811 before you dig.

If you find an unmarked utility line, stop digging and call 811 immediately.